UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the
Western District of North Carolin

			western 1	District of North Carolina	
	····	UN	ITED STATES OF AMERICA v. Eric Alexander Luna) Case No. 3:16-cr-00120-MOC-SCR)	
			- y	,	
			ORDER OF DE	TENTION PENDING TRIAL	
	Upon	the	Part I -	- Eligibility for Detention	
	r		Notion of the Government attorney pur Notion of the Government or Court's o	rsuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or wn motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),	
the (Cour and	t held conc	l a detention hearing and found that de lusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C	etention is warranted. This Order sets forth the Court's findings of C. § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.	
			Part II – Findings of Fact	and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)	
A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other persuand the community because the following conditions have been met:					
		(1)	the Defendant is charged with with o	ne of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):	
			☐ (a) a crime of violence, a violation	n of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § num term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or	
				mum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or	
			Controlled Substances Act (21 U.)	um term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the S.C. §§ 801–904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act ter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501–70508); or	
			(a) through (c) of this paragraph, (been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses rough (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal bination of such offenses; or	
			921);	ession of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. §	
		(2)	the Defendant has previously been co	on; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and onvicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. § use that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving d; and	
		(3)	the offense described in paragraph (2)) above for which the Defendant has been convicted was committed ending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; <i>and</i>	
		(4)		elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the Defendant escribed in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.	

	B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the Defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the Defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:						
		(1	an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801–904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951–971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501–70508);				
		(2	an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;				
			an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;				
		(4)	an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581–1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or				
		(5)	an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.				
	C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above						
			☐ the Defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above.				
			OR				
		[the Defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.				
	D. The Defendant Has Failed to Carry Defendant's Burden Under Rule 32.1(a)(6)						
		[the Defendant was arrested for violating probation or supervised release. Under Rule 32.1 and 18 U.S.C. § 3143(a)(1), the Defendant has not shown by clear and convincing evidence that the Defendant will not flee or pose a danger to any other person or to the community.				
			Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention				
hear	Aft ing,	er co	onsidering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention Court concludes that the Defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:				
			By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community.				
			By a preponderance of the evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the Defendant's appearance as required.				

Date

In addition to any findings i	nade on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:
	Weight of evidence against the Defendant is strong
	Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted
	Prior criminal history
	Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision
	History of violence or use of weapons
	History of alcohol or substance abuse
	Lack of stable employment
	Lack of stable residence
	Lack of financially responsible sureties
	Lack of significant community or family ties to this District
	Significant family or other ties outside the United States
	Lack of legal status in the United States
	Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration
	Prior failure to appear in court as ordered
	Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement
	Use of alias(es) or false documents
	Background information unknown or unverified
	Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release
ADDITIONAL REASONS	
The Defendant consents t	to detention.
	Part IV – Directions Regarding Detention
for confinement in a correcti being held in custody pendir with defense counsel. On ord	to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative tons facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences on appeal. The Defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation der of a Court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the extions facility must deliver the Defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an tha court proceeding.
2/18/25	1)01/5/
Ďate	United States Magistrate Judge